

Electrical Energy Meter with integrated Serial Modbus interface EEM400C-D-MO

Electrical energy meter with an integrated serial RS-485 Modbus interface allow direct reading of all relevant data, such as energy (total and partial), current and voltage for every phase and active and reactive power for every phase and for the three phases.

Main features

- 3-phase energy meter, 3 × 230/400 VAC 50 Hz
- Measurement through a current transformer up to 1500 A
- Display of active power, voltage and current for every phase
- Display of active power for all phases
- Modbus RTU Interface to query the data
- Reactive power for every and/or all phases available through interface
- cosφ for every phases available through interface
- Up to 247 meters can be connected to the Modbus Interface
- 7-digits display
- Lead seal possible with cap as accessory
- Accuracy class B according to EN50470-3, accuracy class 1 according to IEC62053-21

Order Number

Standard Version: EEM400C-D-MO
MID Version: EEM400C-D-MO-MID

Sealing caps: EEM400-SEALCAP (Bulk with 20 units)

Technical data

Precision class	B according to EN50470-3, 1 according to IEC62053-21	
Operating voltage	$3 \times 230 / 400 \text{ VAC}$, 50 Hz	
	Tolerance –20% /+15%	
Power consumption	Active 0.4W per phase	
Counting range	000'000.0999'999.9 1'000'0009'999'999	
Display	LCD backlit, digits 6 mm high	
Display without	Capacitor based LCD	
mains power	max. 2 times over 10 days	



Mounting

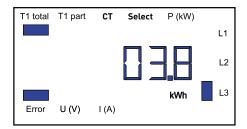
Mounting	On 35 mm rail, according to EN60715TH35		
Terminal connections main circuit	Conductor cross-section 1.5 –16 mm², screwdriver pozidrive no. 1, slot no. 2, torque 1.5 –2 Nm		
Terminal connections control circuit	s Conductor cross-section max. 2.5 mm², screwdriver pozidrive no.0, slot no. 2, torque 0.8 Nm		
Insulation characteristics	4 kV / 50 Hz test according to VDE0435 for energy meter part		
	6 kV 1.2/50 μs Surge according to IEC255-4		
	2 kV / 50 Hz test according to VDE0435 for interface		
	Device protection class II		
Ambient temperature			
Storage temperature			
Environment	Mechanical M2 Electromagnetic E2		
Relative humidity	95% at 25°+40°C, without condensation		
EMC/interference immunity	Surge according to IEC61000-4-5: on main circuit 4 kV, at Modbus 1 kV		
	Burst according to IEC61000-4-4: on main circuit 4kV, at Modbus interface 1kV		
	ESD according to IEC61000-4-2: contact 8 kV, air 15 kV		

CT measurement 5...1500 A

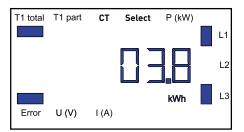
Reference/max. o	current		$I_{ref} = 5 A$, $I_{max} = 6 A$			
Starting/minimu	m current		$I_{st} = 10 \text{ mA},$	I _{min} = 0.05 A		
Converter ratio		5:5	50:5	100:5	150:5	
		200:5	250:5	300:5	400:5	
		500:5	600:5	750:5	1000:5	
		1250:5	1500:5			
Pulses per kWh	LED		10 lmp/kWh			

Error display

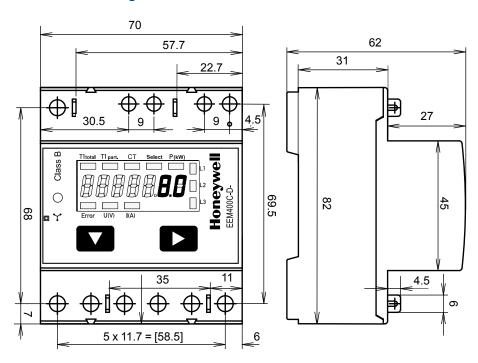
Example: Connection error at L3



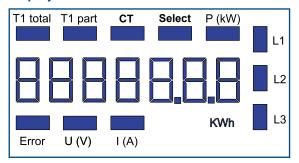
Example: Connection error at L1 and L3



Dimension drawings



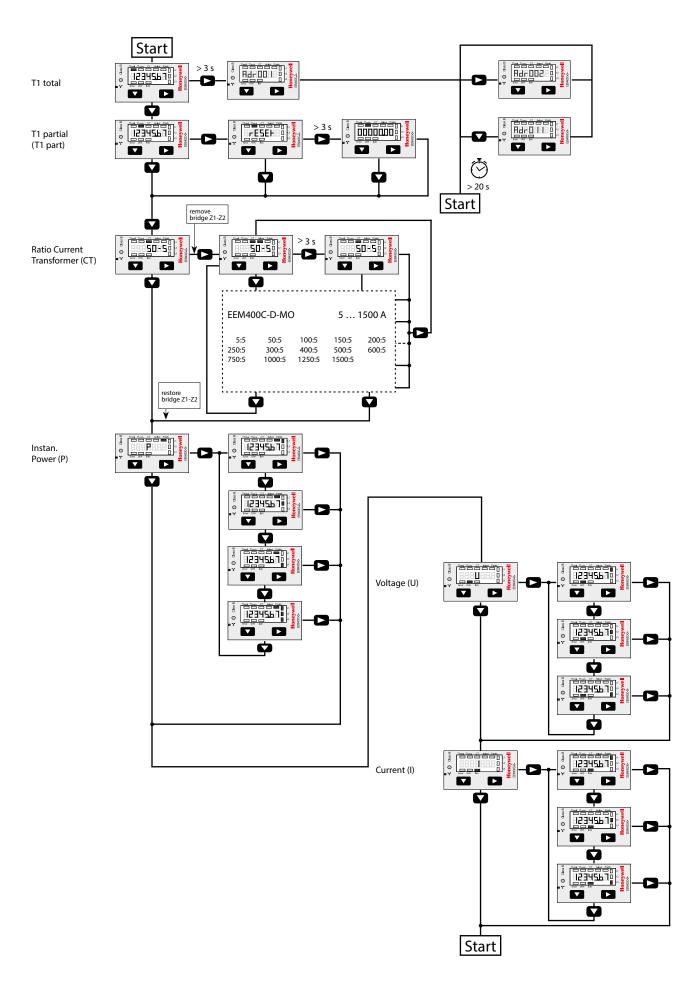
Display elements



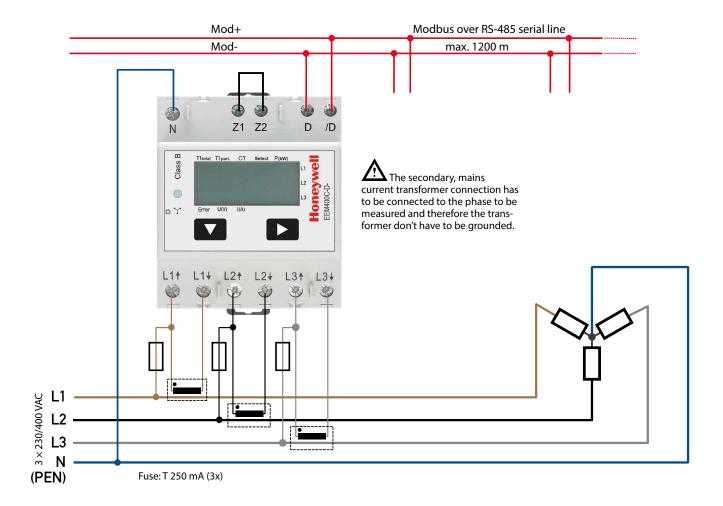
■ T1 total (kWh)	Indicates total consumption
■ T1 part (kWh)	Indicates partial consumption
	This value can be reset
■ CT	Indicates the setting for the
	current transformer ratio
■ Select	When bridge Z1-Z2 is open, the transformer
	ratio can be adjusted under menu item:
	Select
■ P (kW)	Indicates the instantaneous output per
	phase or for all phases
■ U (V)	Indicates voltage per phase
■ I (A)	Indicates current per phase
■ kWh	Indicates the unit kWh for display of
	consumption
■ L1/L2/L3	Whenever the display shows P, U, I or Error,
	the corresponding phase will be indicated
■ Error	When phase is absent or current direction
	is wrong. The corresponding phase will also

be indicated.

Menu to display the value on LCD



Wiring diagram



Technical data Modbus

Protocol	Modbus RTU according to IDA specification
Bus system	RS-485 serial line
Transmission rate (bps)	4800-9600-19'200-38'400-57'600-115'200. The transmission baud rate is automatically detected
Transmission mode	Even parity: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit Odd parity: 8 data bits, 1 stop bit No parity: 8 data bits, 2 stop bits The transmission Mode is automatically detected
Bus cable	Twisted, shielded, $2 \times 0.5 \text{ mm}^2$, 1200 m max.
Response time (to system response)	Write: up to 60ms Read: up to 60ms

- The interface works only if the phase 1 is connected.
- The communication is ready 30 seconds after the 'Power On'.
- Refresh time for the data is 10 seconds. Therefore the delay between reads of the same Data should be at least 10 seconds.
- The use of energy meters in bus with intensive communication can increase the data refresh time.
- 247 devices can be connected to the Modbus. Over 128 devices, a repeater should be used.
- The interface don't have a terminal resistor, this should be provided external.
- For a description of the used registers please look at the register page.

Data transmission

- Only «Read Holding Registers [03]/ Write Multiple Registers [16]» instructions are recognized.
- Up to 20 registers can be read at a time.
- The device supports broadcast messages.
- In accordance with the Modbus protocol, a register R is numbered as R 1 when transmitted.
- The device has a voltage monitoring system. In case of voltage loss, registers are stored in EEPROM (transmission rate, etc.)

Exception Responses

- ILLEGAL FUNCTION [01]: The function code is not implemented.
- ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS [02]: The address of some requested registers is out of range or more than 20 registers have been requested.
- ILLEGAL DATA VALUE [03]: The value in the data field is invalid for the referenced register.

Change the Modbus address direct on device

- To modify the Modbus address, press 3 sec on ▶ touch
- In menu, ▼increase address by 10, ▶ increase by 1
- Once the address is selected wait for the root menu to come back

Registers

For double registers (4-5, 16-17, 28-29, 30-31) the high register is sent first (big_Endian). The Partial counter (30-31) can be reset by writing 0 in both registers in the same message.

R	Read	Write	Description	Unit
1	Х		Firmware-Version	Ex: 11 =FW 1.1
2	Χ		Number of supported registers	Will give 52
3	Χ		Number of supported flags	Will give 0
4–5	Х		Baudrate	Ex: Baudrate High = 1 Baudrate Low = 49'664 1 × 65'536 + 49'664 = 115'200 bps
6	Χ		Not Used	Will give 0
7	Х		Type / ASN function	Will give «EE»
8	Χ		Type/ASN function	Will give «M4»
9	Х		Type/ASN function	Will give «00»
10	Х		Type / ASN function	Will give «C-»
11	Х		Type / ASN function	Will give «D-»
12	Χ		Type/ASN function	Will give «MO»
13	Х		Type / ASN function	Will give « » for not MID or «–M» for MID Version
14	Χ		Type / ASN function	Will give « » for not MID or «ID» for MID Version
15	Х		HW vers. Modif.	Ex: 11 =HW 1.1
16–17	Χ		Serial number Low	Unique ASCII serial number
18	Χ		Serial number High	Unique ASCII serial number
19	Х		Not Used	Will give 0
20	Χ		Not Used	Will give 0
21	Х		Not Used	Will give 0
22	Х		Status/Protect	0 = no Problem 1 = problem with last communication request
23	Х		Modbus Timeout	ms
24	Χ	X ¹⁾	Modbus Address	Range 1–247
25	Х		Error register	0: No error 1: Error Phase 1 2: Error Phase 2 3: Error Phase 1 and 2 4: Error Phase 3 5: Error Phase 1 and 3 6: Error Phase 2 and 3 7: Error Phase 1, 2 and 3
26	Х		Current Transformer Ratio	Ex: Transformer 100 / 5 give 20
27	Χ		Not Used	Will give 0
28–29	Х		WT1 total Counter Energy Total Tariff 1	10 ⁻¹ kWh (multiplier 0,1) Ex: WT1 total High = 13 WT1 total Low = 60'383 13 × 65'536 + 60'383 = 912'351 = 91'235.1 kWh
30–31	Х	Х	WT1 partial Counter Energy Partial Tariff 1	10 ⁻¹ kWh (multiplier 0,1) Ex: WT1 partial High = 13 WT1 partial Low = 60'383 13 × 65'536 + 60383 = 912'351 = 91'235.1 kWh
32	Χ		Not Used	Will give 0
33	Х		Not Used	Will give 0
34	Χ		Not Used	Will give 0
35	Χ		Not Used	Will give 0

36	Х	URMS phase 1 Effective Voltage of Phase 1	V Ex: 230 = 230 V
37	Х	IRMS phase 1 Effective Current of Phase 1	A / Except 5/5 = 10 ⁻¹ A Ex: 314 = 314 A
38	X	PRMS phase 1 Effective active Power of Phase 1	10 ⁻¹ kW (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kW
39	Х	QRMS phase 1 Effective reactive Power of Phase 1	10 ⁻¹ kvar (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kVAr
40	Х	cos phi phase 1	10 ⁻² (multiplier 0,01) Ex: 67 = 0,67
41	Х	URMS phase 2 Effective Voltage of Phase 2	V Ex: 230 = 230 V
42	Х	IRMS phase 2 Effective Current of Phase 2	A / Except 5/5 = 10 ⁻¹ A Ex: 314 = 314 A
43	Х	PRMS phase 2 Effective active Power of Phase 2	10 ⁻¹ kW (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kW
44	Х	QRMS phase 2 Effective reactive Power of Phase 2	10 ⁻¹ kvar (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kVAr
45	Х	cos phi phase 2	10 ⁻² (multiplier 0,01) Ex: 67 = 0,67
46	Х	URMS phase 3 Effective Voltage of Phase 3	V Ex: 230 = 230 V
47	Х	IRMS phase 3 Effective Current of Phase 3	A / Except 5/5 = 10 ⁻¹ A Ex: 314 = 314 A
48	Х	PRMS phase 3 Effective active Power of Phase 3	10 ⁻¹ kW (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kW
49	Х	QRMS phase 3 Effective reactive Power of Phase 3	10 ⁻¹ kvar (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kvar
50	Х	cos phi phase 3	10 ⁻² (multiplier 0,01) Ex: 67 = 0,67
51	Х	PRMS total Effective active Power of all phases	10 ⁻¹ kW (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kW
52	Х	QRMS total Effective reactive power of all phases	10 ⁻¹ kvar (multiplier 0,1) Ex: 1545 = 154,5 kVAr

¹⁾ The Modbus Address register is not writable with a broadcast message.



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Subject to change without notice. Printed in Switzerland PP26-595 ENG03 07.2015